

Standard Terminology Relating to Photovoltaic Solar Energy Conversion¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This terminology pertains to photovoltaic (radiant-toelectrical energy conversion) device performance measurements and is not a comprehensive list of terminology for photovoltaics in general.

1.2 Additional terms used in this terminology and of interest to solar energy may be found in Terminology E 772.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards: ²
- E 490 Solar Constant and Air Mass Zero Solar Spectral Irradiance Tables
- E 772 Terminology Relating to Solar Energy Conversion
- G 173 Tables for Reference Solar Spectral Irradiances: Direct Normal and Hemispherical on 37° Tilted Surface

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

absolute spectral response, $n - R_a(\lambda)$, AW^{-1} , n - of a photovoltaic device, the short-circuit current density per unit irradiance at a given wavelength.

DISCUSSION—Spectral response is normally reported over the wavelength range to which a device responds.

- **cell temperature**, *n*—the temperature of the semiconductor junction of a photovoltaic cell.
- **efficiency**, *n*—of a photovoltaic device, the ratio of the power produced by a photovoltaic device operated at its maximum power point to the incident radiant power.
- **fill factor,** *n*—of a photovoltaic device, the ratio of maximum power to the product of open-circuit voltage and short-circuit current.

- **global normal solar irradiance,** n— solar irradiance from a 2π steradian field-of-view incident upon a surface that is perpendicular to the axis of the solid angle defined by the disk of the sun.
- *irradiance, E, Wm*⁻², *n*—See solar irradiance at a point of surface in Terminology E 772.
- **maximum power**, *n* of a photovoltaic device, the electrical output when operated at a point where the product of current and voltage is maximum.
- **open-circuit voltage,** *n of a photovoltaic device*, the voltage potential across the positive and the negative terminals under irradiation when zero current flows into or out of these terminals.
- **photovoltaic array,** *n*—an assembly of panels or modules, together with support structure and other components (if used), to form a complete dc power-producing unit.
- **photovoltaic cell**, *n*—the basic device that generates electricity by the photovoltaic effect when exposed to radiant energy such as sunlight.
- **photovoltaic cell area**, *n*—the total frontal area of the cell including the area covered by the grids and contacts.
- **photovoltaic device**, *n*—any photovoltaic cell or collection of cells (module, panel, or array) under consideration.
- **photovoltaic module**, *n*—a single package containing two or more electrically interconnected photovoltaic cells, including a frame or integral mounting points, and means for electrical connection; which make it suitable for field installation without additional modification.
- **photovoltaic module area**, *n*—the rectangular area that touches the extreme outside edges of the module.
- **photovoltaic panel,** *n*—a number of modules which are electrically connected and mechanically integrated, and designed to provide a field-installable unit.
- **photovoltaic reference cell**, *n*—a photovoltaic cell whose short-circuit current is calibrated against the total irradiance of a reference spectral irradiance distribution. See also **reference cell calibration constant.**
- **primary photovoltaic reference cell**, *n*—a photovoltaic reference cell calibrated in sunlight.

rated power, n— See reported power.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

global horizontal solar irradiance, *n*—See **global solar irradiance** in Terminology **E** 772.